



SAFEGUARDING YOUR MEDICINE CABINET

- List all prescriptions, including over-the-counter medications.
- Include the date of purchase and quantity.
- Include recommended dosage. Never increase or decrease doses without talking to your doctor.
- Keep medications out of reach from young children and adolescents.
- To properly dispose of unused or expired medications, mix them with used cat litter, coffee grounds, or sawdust to make them less appealing before throwing them in the garbage.
- Medication drop boxes: <https://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/67720.html> and <http://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/67720.html>

WHY YOU SHOULD BE CONCERNED

FACT: According to the Federal Drug Abuse Warning Network, emergency room visits due to abuse of prescription drugs are greater than the number of visits due to abuse of marijuana and heroin combined.

FACT: Among persons ages 12 or older who used pain relievers nonmedically in the past year, an estimated 53% obtained them from a friend or relative. (2016 NSDUH)

FACT: In 2016, nonmedical use of prescription drugs among youth and young adults ages 12 - 25 was the second most prevalent illicit drug use category, with marijuana being first. (2016 NSDUH)

FACT: Use of prescription drugs can lead to substance use disorders. Among youth and young adults ages 12 - 25 prescription drug use disorder was the second most prevalent substance use disorder in 2016. (2016 NSDUH)

WHAT CAN YOU DO?

EDUCATE YOURSELF

- Be aware of the medications in your home. Have open conversations about appropriate versus inappropriate use of medication. Inform your friends and family that abusing medications can be just as dangerous as using illegal drugs.
- Ask your health care provider if any medications prescribed for your family have a potential for abuse.
- Be familiar with the warning signs of prescription and over-the-counter drug abuse. Warning signs can be both behavioral and physical, and may include withdrawal from normal activities, irritability, unusual requests for money, unexplained changes in friends and frequent nasal or sinus infections.

COMMUNICATE WITH YOUR FAMILY

- Remind family members in your home that many medications do not mix well with alcohol or other medications, including herbal remedies.
- Teach your teens and younger children to respect medicines. Medicines are important tools in health care, but they must be used according to directions.
- Set clear expectations with your children regardless of age and let them know that under no circumstances should they ever take medications without your knowledge.

To find help and hope for alcoholism, drug abuse or problem gambling, call or text:

FOR HELP & INFORMATION
COMBATADDICTION.NY.GOV

CALL: 1-877-8-HOPENY (1-877-846-7369)
TEXT: HOPENY TO 467369



Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services

YOU CAN BE THE DIFFERENCE

A Guide to Teen/Young Adult Substance Abuse



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Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services

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ONE OF THE MOST STRIKING ASPECTS of the misuse of prescription medications has been the increase in painkiller abuse, which can lead to heroin use. Prescription drug abuse is the use of prescription medication in a manner that is not prescribed by a health care practitioner.

This includes using someone else's prescription or using your own prescription in a way not directed by your doctor. Most people take prescription medication responsibly under a doctor's care. However, there has been a steady increase in the nonmedical use of these medications, especially

by teenagers. Part of the problem is the availability of medications (over-the-counter and prescription) in the family medicine cabinet, which can provide easy access for children, adults, elderly and visitors. Nonmedical use of certain prescription drugs can lead to addiction.

MEDICINE CABINET INVENTORY Use the following chart to keep track of the medications in your medicine cabinet.

List the name and strength of the prescription and non-prescription medications. Include the date filled, the expiration date, and the original quantity. Once a week, count the pills remaining and mark the date. To properly dispose of unused or expired medications, dispose of medications in a community drop box site or mix them with used cat litter, coffee grounds or sawdust to make them less appealing, before throwing them in the garbage.

MEDICATION NAME & STRENGTH	DATE FILLED	EXPIRATION DATE	ORIGINAL QUANTITY	DATE	QUANTITY REMAINING		
					DATE	DATE	DATE

